

Reducing Processing/Manufacturing Costs and Improving Quality with AI Processing and Diagnosis Technologies

◆ Features

Reducing tool costs with appropriate tool change!

IoT diagnostic technology finds the appropriate life from the torque of the main and feed axes according to processing conditions and predicts tool wear. By using tools for the full duration of their service life, tool costs and tool change labor time are reduced.

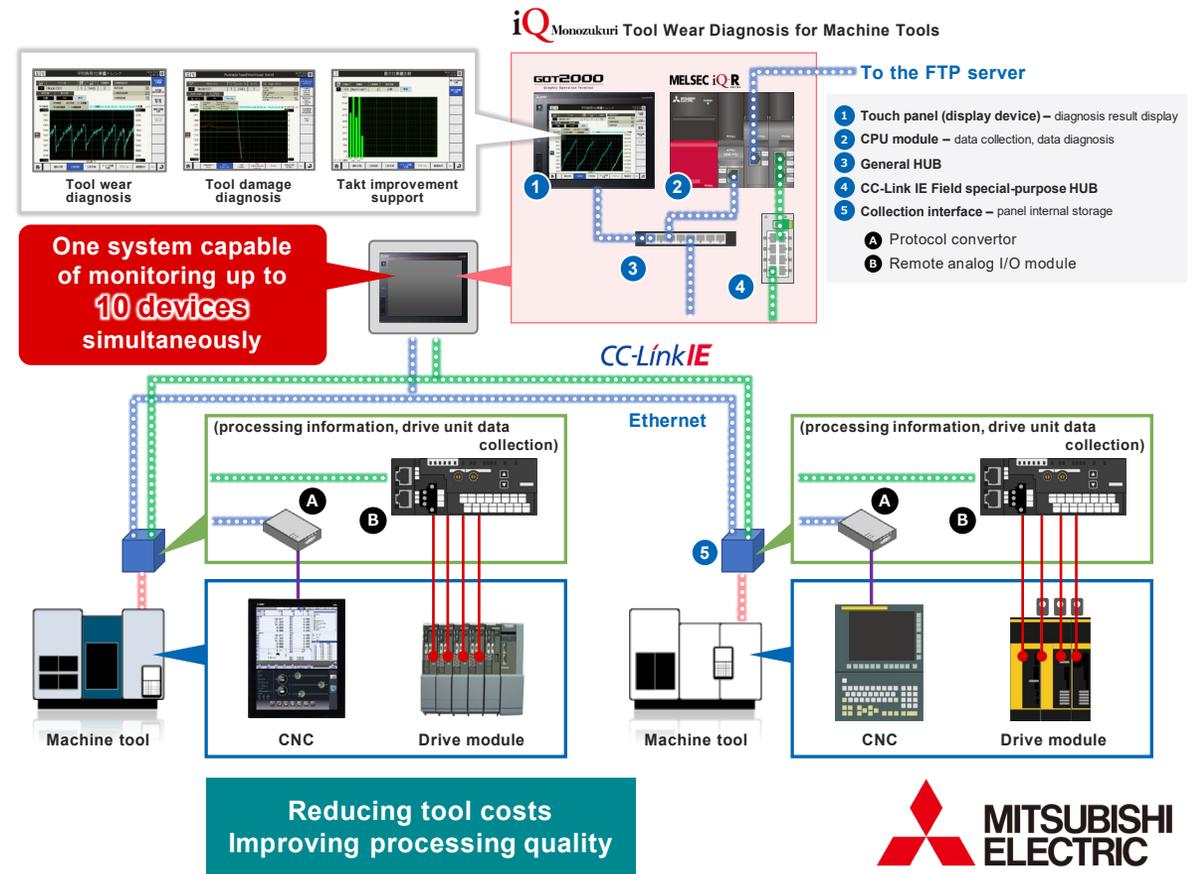
Automatic diagnosis of tool damage and automatic detection of processing defects!

Supports calculation of abnormal judgment thresholds from past good product processing data and air cut data. Prevents the outflow of defective products by detecting machining defects such as tool breakage and defects, material defects, and previous process defects.

Experience benefits with an evaluation support service!

Mitsubishi Electric's dedicated engineers provide support from installation of evaluation machines to data analysis during implementation studies. It is possible to determine whether this solution can be applied and verify the benefits of introduction in advance.

◆ Diagram



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Building an engineering environment promoting DX

By linking the separately sold Advanced Data Science Tool and iQ Monozukuri Tool Wear Diagnosis for Machine Tools, we support the construction of engineering environments, such as tool diagnosis, machine maintenance, and statistical analysis using IoT data.

Detecting processing/equipment errors from big data

Correlation between the same processing feature amount and processing workmanship can be confirmed and any processing errors can be detected. In addition, processing features identical between devices are depicted in a histogram, which makes it possible to confirm differences between devices and aging deterioration tendencies in order to detect errors.

Accurately predicting processing workmanship through machine learning

Machine learning is used to grasp the relationship between measurement results and IoT data and automatically generate predictive models. Using the generated prediction model, workmanship is calculated immediately after processing, thus preventing outflow of defective products to downstream processes.

◆ Diagram

